

Sample of written particulars
Provided free of charge
by the Department of Labour

**WRITTEN PARTICULARS
(DOMESTIC WORKER)**

Given by:

(herein after referred to as "the employer")

Address of employer:
.....
.....
.....

to

(herein after referred to as "the employee")

1. Commencement

Employment will begin on and continue until terminated as set out in clause 6 of the guidelines.

2. Place of work

3. Job description

2

Job Title
(e.g.. Domestic worker, child minder, gardener, etc)

Duties: See attached job description

4. Hours of work *(See Guideline 5)*

4.1 Normal working hours will be hours per week, made up as follows:

Monday / Tuesday / Wednesday / Thursday / Friday: am to pm

Meal intervals will be from: to

Other breaks:

Saturdays: am to pm

Meal intervals will be from: to

Other breaks:

Sundays: am to pm

Meal intervals will be from: to

Other breaks:

4.2 Overtime will only be worked as agreed from time to time and will be paid at the rate of one and a half times of the total wage as set out in clause 5.2.

4.3 Standby will only be done if agreed from time to time whereby an allowance will be paid of at least R20,00 per standby shift.

5. Wage (See Guidelines 4 and 5)

5.1 The employees wage shall be paid in cash on the last working day of every week/month and shall be: R.....

5.2 The employee shall be entitled to the following allowances/other cash payments/payment in kind:

5.2.1 A weekly/monthly transport allowance of R.....

5.2.2 Accommodation per week/month to the value of R.....

5.3 The following deductions are agreed upon:

..... R.....

..... R.....

..... R.....

5.4 The total value of the above remuneration shall be
(The total of clauses 5.1 to 5.2.2)
(Modify or delete clauses 5.2.1 to 5.2.2 as needed)
R.....

5.5 The employer shall review the employee’s salary/wage on or before 1 November of every year.

6. Termination of employment

Either party can terminate this agreement with one weeks notice during the first six months of employment and with four weeks notice there after. Notice must be given in writing except when it is given by an illiterate domestic worker. In the case where the domestic worker is illiterate notice must be explained orally by or on behalf of the employer.

7. Sunday work

Any work on Sundays will be by agreement between parties and will be paid according to clause 7 of the guidelines.

8. Public Holidays

Any work on holidays will be by agreement and will be paid according to clause 8 of the guidelines.

9. Annual Leave

The employee is entitled to three weeks paid leave after every 12 months of continuous service. Such leave is to be taken at times convenient to the employer and the employer may require the employee to take his/her leave at such times as coincide with that of the employer.

10. Sick leave

10.1 During every sick leave cycle of 36 months the employee will be entitled to an amount of paid sick leave equal to the number of days the employee would normally work during a period of six weeks.

10.2 During the first six months of employment the employee will be entitled to one day's paid sick leave for every 26 days worked.

10.3 The employee is to notify the employer as soon as possible in case of his/her absence from work through illness.

10.4 A medical certificate may be required if absent for more than 2 consecutive days or has been absent on more than two occasions during an eight-week period.

11. Maternity leave

(Tick the applicable clauses in the space provided).

11.1 The employee will be entitled to months maternity leave without pay;
or

11.2 The employee will be entitled to months maternity leave on
pay

13. Family responsibility leave

The employee will be entitled to five days family responsibility leave during each leave cycle if he or she works on at least four days a week.

14. Accommodation

(Tick the applicable boxes).

14.1 The employee will be provided with accommodation for as long as the employee is in the service of the employer, which shall form part of his/her remuneration package.

14.2 The accommodation may only be occupied by the worker, unless prior arrangement with the employer.

14.3 Prior permission should be obtained for visitors who wish to stay the night. However where members of the employees direct family are visiting, such permission will not be necessary.

15. Clothing *(Delete this clause if not applicable)*

..... sets of uniforms will be supplied to the employee free of charge by the employer and will remain the property of the employer.

16. Other conditions of employment or benefits

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

18. General

Any changes to the written particulars will only be valid if agreed to by both parties.

.....
EMPLOYER

Acknowledgement of receipt by employee:

.....

Date:

JOB DESCRIPTION

Indicate functions required by a ▶ in the appropriate block

Child minding / baby sitting	<input type="checkbox"/>	Laundry – machine wash	<input type="checkbox"/>
Minding old/sick employer or relative	<input type="checkbox"/>	Laundry – hand wash	<input type="checkbox"/>
General tidying of house	<input type="checkbox"/>	Hanging out of laundry	<input type="checkbox"/>
Making of beds	<input type="checkbox"/>	Washing of curtains	<input type="checkbox"/>
Vacuuming of carpets	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ironing	<input type="checkbox"/>
Vacuuming of upholstery	<input type="checkbox"/>	Small mending job, e.g. replacing buttons, hems, etc	<input type="checkbox"/>
Dusting	<input type="checkbox"/>	Defrosting and cleaning fridge & freezer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiping down of all appliances e.g. T.V etc	<input type="checkbox"/>	Cleaning of windows and glass doors inside and out	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cleaning of walls, light switches, doors etc	<input type="checkbox"/>	Cleaning of all used equipment e.g. vacuum cleaner	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cleaning of ornaments	<input type="checkbox"/>	Packing away of groceries	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cleaning of toilets, basins, baths, showers, taps etc.	<input type="checkbox"/>	Removal of refuse for collection	<input type="checkbox"/>
Mopping of tiled/vinyl floors	<input type="checkbox"/>	Sweeping of outside patios, steps, etc	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cleaning of inside of cupboards	<input type="checkbox"/>	Wiping down of outside lights	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cleaning of stove and oven	<input type="checkbox"/>	Cleaning of outside room's and cloakroom	<input type="checkbox"/>
Preparation/cooking of breakfast	<input type="checkbox"/>	General driving duties and errands	<input type="checkbox"/>
Preparation/cooking of lunch	<input type="checkbox"/>	Wash cars	<input type="checkbox"/>
Preparation/cooking of supper	<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintain garden in clean and tidy condition	<input type="checkbox"/>
Setting of table	<input type="checkbox"/>	Caring for pool	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cleaning away after breakfast/lunch/supper	<input type="checkbox"/>	Mow lawns	<input type="checkbox"/>
Polishing of floors and verandas	<input type="checkbox"/>	Weeding	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cleaning brass and silver	<input type="checkbox"/>	Trimming and pruning	<input type="checkbox"/>
Washing of Walls	<input type="checkbox"/>	Washing and grooming of dogs	<input type="checkbox"/>
Other.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	Painting of walls	<input type="checkbox"/>
.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

GUIDELINES

1. Notice period and termination of employment

In terms of the Sectoral Determination, any party to an employment contract must give written notice, except when an illiterate domestic worker gives it, as follows:

- One week, if employed for six months or less
- Four weeks if employed for more than six months.

Notice must be explained orally by or on behalf of the employer to a domestic worker if he/she is not able to understand it.

The employer is required to provide the domestic worker who resides in accommodation that is situated on the premises of the employer or that is supplied by the employer, with accommodation for a period of one month, or if it is a longer period, until the contract of employment could lawfully have been terminated.

All monies due to the domestic worker for any wages, allowance or other payments that have not been paid, paid time-off not taken and pro-rata leave must be paid.

2. Procedure for termination of employment

Whilst the contract of employment makes provision for termination of employment, it must be understood that the services of an employee may not be terminated unless a valid and fair reason exists and fair procedure is followed. If an employee is dismissed without a valid reason or without a fair procedure, the employee may approach the CCMA for assistance.

Pro-rata leave and severance pay might be payable.

In the event of a domestic worker being unable to return to work due to disability, the employer must investigate the nature of the disability and ascertain whether or not it is permanent or temporary. The employer must try to accommodate the employee as far as possible for example, amending or adapting their duties to suit the disability. However, in the event of it not being possible for the employer to adapt the domestic workers duties and/or to find alternatives, then such employer may terminate the services of the domestic worker.

The Labour Relations Act, 66 of 1995 sets out the procedures to be followed at the termination of services in the Code of Good Practice, in Schedule 8.

3. Wage/Remuneration/Payment

There is a prescribed minimum rate of remuneration. Additional payments (such as for overtime or work on Sundays or Public Holidays) are calculated from the total remuneration as indicated in clause 5.3 of the contract. The total remuneration is the total of the money received by the employee and the payment in kind, which may not be more than 10% of the wage for accommodation.

4. Transport allowances

Sectoral Determination 7: Domestic Sector, South Africa does not regulate this and is therefore open to negotiation between the parties.

5. Hours of work

5.1 Normal hours (excluding overtime)

A domestic worker may not be made to:

- work more than 45 hours a week;
- work more than nine hours per day for a five day work week;
- work more than eight hours a day for a six day work week; and

5.2 Overtime

A domestic worker may not work more than 15 hours overtime per week but may not work more than 12 hours on any day, including overtime.

Overtime must be paid at 1.5 times the employee's normal wage or an employee may agree to receive paid time off.

5.3 Daily and weekly rest periods

5.3.1 A daily rest period of 12 consecutive hours and a weekly rest period of 36 consecutive hours, which must include Sunday, unless otherwise agreed, must be allowed.

5.3.2 The daily rest period may by agreement be reduced to 10 hours for an employee who live on the premises whose meal interval lasts for at least three hours.

5.3.3 The weekly rest period may by agreement be extended to 60 consecutive hours every two weeks or be reduced to eight hours in any week if the rest period in the following week is extended equivalently.

5.4 Standby

5.4.1 Standby means any period between 20:00 and 06:00 the next day when a domestic worker is required to be at the workplace and is permitted to rest or sleep but must be available to work if necessary.

5.4.2 May only done if it is agreed in writing and on not more than five times per month must be compensated by the payment of an allowance of at least R20,00 per shift.

5.5 Night work – after 18:00 and before 06:00

5.5.1 Worked only if agreed to in writing and must be compensated by an allowance and if the domestic resides at the workplace or transport is available.

6. Meal intervals

A domestic worker is entitled to a one-hour break for a meal after not more than five hours work. Such interval may be reduced to 30 minutes, by agreement between the parties. When a second meal interval is required because of overtime worked, it may be reduced to not less than 15 minutes. If required or permitted to work during this period, remuneration must be paid.

7. Sunday work

Work on Sundays is voluntary and a domestic worker can therefore not be forced to work on a Sunday.

If the employee works on a Sunday he/she shall be paid double the daily wage.

If the employee ordinarily works on a Sunday he/she shall be paid one and one-half time the wage for every hour worked. Paid time off in return for working on a Sunday may be agreed upon.

8. Public Holidays

The days mentioned in the Public Holidays Act must be granted but the parties can agree to further public holidays. Work on a public holiday is entirely voluntary and a domestic worker may not be forced to work on such public holiday.

The official public holidays are:

New Years Day	Youth Day
Human Rights Day	National Woman's Day
Good Friday	Heritage Day
Family Day	Day of Reconciliation
Freedom Day	Christmas Day
Workers Day	Day of Goodwill

Any other day declared an official public holiday from time to time should also be granted.

These days can be exchanged for any other day by agreement.

If the employee works on a public holiday he/she shall be paid double the normal days wage.

9. Annual Leave

Annual leave may not be less than three weeks per year for full-time workers or by agreement, one day for every 17 days worked or one hour for every 17 hours worked.

The leave must be granted not later than six months after completion of the period of 12 consecutive months of employment. The leave may not be granted concurrent with any period of sick leave, nor with a period of notice of termination of the contract of employment.

10. Sick leave

During every sick leave cycle of 36 months an employee is entitled to an amount of paid sick leave equal to the number of days the employee would normally work during a period of six weeks.

During the first six months of employment, an employee is entitled to one day's paid sick leave for every 26 days worked.

The employer is not required to pay an employee if the employee has been absent from work for more than two consecutive days or on more than two occasions during an eight-week period and, on request by the employer, does not produce a medical certificate stating that the employee was unable to work for the duration of the employee's absence on account of sickness or injury.

11. Maternity leave

The employee is entitled to at least four consecutive months' maternity leave. The employer is not obliged to pay the domestic worker for the period for which she is off work due to her pregnancy. However the parties may agree that the domestic worker will receive part of or her entire salary/wage for the time that she is off due to pregnancy.

12. Family responsibility leave

Employees employed for longer than four months and for at least four days a week are entitled to take five days' paid family responsibility leave during each leave cycle when the employee's child is born, or when the employee's child is sick or in the event of the death of the employee's spouse or life partner or parent, adoptive parent, grandparent, child, adopted child, grandchild or sibling.

13. Deduction from the remuneration

The Sectoral Determination prohibits an employer from deducting any monies from the workers wages without his/her written permission.

A deduction of not more than 10% of the wage may be deducted for a room or other accommodation provided it is kept in a good condition has at least one window and a door, which can be locked, and he/she has access to a bathroom.

14. Other issues

There are certain other issues which are not regulated by the Sectoral Determination such as probationary periods, right of entry to the employers premises, afternoons off, weekends off and pension schemes, medical aid schemes, training/school fees, funeral benefits and savings account, however the aforementioned may be negotiated between the parties and included in the contract of employment.

15 Prohibition of Employment

The Sectoral Determination prohibits employment of any person under the age of 15 and it is therefore important for an employer to verify the age of the domestic worker by requesting a copy of the identity document or birth certificate.

16. Other conditions of employment

There is no provision, which prevents any other conditions of employment being included in a contract of employment but any provision, which sets conditions, which are less favourable than those set by the Determination, would be invalid.

These guidelines are not meant to be a complete summary of the Sectoral Determination and/or legal advice. Should there be any doubt as to rights and/or obligations in terms of the Act or terms of any clause of the suggested Contract of Employment, such queries can be directed to the local office of the Department of Labour, who will gladly assist.